

## **Type specimens of *Thamnophilidae* Swainson, 1824 (Chordata, Animalia) in the Bird Collection of the Natural History Museum Vienna**

R. VAN DEN ELZEN\*, H.-M. BERG\*, M. PILAT & S.C. RENNER\*

### **Abstract**

The annotated type list of *Thamnophilidae* (antbirds) in the Natural History Museum Vienna (NHMW) bird collection covers 52 taxa including 32 valid species, 18 subspecies and two taxa that are the basis of replacement names (*nomina nova*). 42 taxa are based on syntypes (including one uncertain case), eight on holotypes and one on paratypes. Among these, a majority is based on specimens collected by Johann Natterer from Brazil. Taxa represented by single specimens were collected by Friedrich Sellow, Wilhelm Hoffmanns, Henry George Watkins, Casimir Watkins, and George Flemming, respectively. Taxa and corresponding specimens, known to have been exchanged with or received from other institutions, are also documented.

**Key words:** Aves, antbirds, Brazil, replacement names

### **Zusammenfassung**

Die kommentierte Typenliste der *Thamnophiliden* (Ameisenvögel) in der Vogelsammlung des Naturhistorischen Museums in Wien (NHMW) enthält 52 Taxa, das sind 32 valide Arten, 18 Unterarten und zwei Taxa, die gleichzeitig Typen von zwei Ersatznamen (*nomina nova*) sind. 42 Taxa basieren auf Syntypen (darunter eine unsichere), acht auf Holotypen, und eine auf zwei Paratypen. Die Mehrzahl der Taxa basiert auf Exemplaren, die Johann Natterer in Brasilien gesammelt hat, einzelne Taxa gehen auf Sammlungen von Friedrich Sellow, Wilhelm Hoffmanns, Henry George Watkins, Casimir Watkins und George Flemming zurück. Relevante Belegstücke, die im Tauschverkehr mit anderen Instituten oder Sammlern abgegeben oder erworben wurden, sind bestmöglich dokumentiert.

### **Introduction**

PELZELN & LORENZ (1886, 1887, 1888a, b) compiled a first type catalogue of birds in the “k & k Hofmuseum”, issued in three volumes. Volume number two (PELZELN & LORENZ 1887: 200–205) listed 60 taxa of *Thamnophilidae*. Besides new species and subspecies, the authors refer also to “authentic specimens” that are, according to their own definition (PELZELN & LORENZ 1886: 1), specimens that were correctly identified in a taxonomic work, but may not have been included in the first description of the species, and do not qualify as type specimens. Most type specimens were collected by Johann Natterer (1787–1843) between 1818 and 1835 in Brazil. Thirtyone [out of 55] antbird taxa based on Natterer’s specimens are still valid species or subspecies today, following DICKINSON & CHRISTIDIS (2014) and the IOC World Bird List (GILL et al. 2022).

\* R. van den Elzen, H.-M. Berg, M. Pilat & S.C. Renner, 1<sup>st</sup> Zoological Department, Bird collection, Natural History Museum Wien, Burgring 7, 1010 Wien. – R. van den Elzen, reate.vandenElzen@nhm-wien.ac.at, H.-M. Berg, hans-martin.berg@nhm-wien.ac.at, M. Pilat, melanie.pilat@nhm-wien.ac.at, S. C. Renner, swen.renner@nhm-wien.ac.at.

August [Edler von] Pelzeln described 16 species and 15 subspecies; Philip Lutley Sclater described five species (two of these jointly with Osbert Salvin). Carl Eduard Hellmayr described three species and seven subspecies (one with Hans [Graf von] Berlepsch), Coenraad Jacob Temminck five species and Martin Hinrich Carl Lichtenstein left one species in the NHMW collection. Philip Lutley Sclater and Carl Eduard Hellmayer identified some of Pelzeln's taxa as synonymys or having preoccupied names, and the corresponding specimens of Natterer as the basis for two replacement names (*nomina nova*).

The earliest descriptions of antbirds in the NHMW are those by Coenraad Jacob Temminck in 1822 and Martin Hinrich Carl Lichtenstein in 1823, based (sometimes partly) on Natterer's specimens. Syntypes known to have been exchanged with other institutions are listed together with their present storage site, as far as it could be tracked down. We did not include some uncertain (syn)type specimens, e. g. those described by LICHTENSTEIN (1823) in his "Verzeichnis der Doubletten". We tried to locate missing type material in other collections as much as possible.

### **Material and methods**

All information available from any inventories, documents, lists, and original sources, or available literature is assessed; Information on type specimens is presented and revised following the regulations and recommendations of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN 1999), especially for scientific names ICZN (1999) Art. 31.1.3., ICZN (1999) Art. 72.1.2 and 73.2.1 and type localities ICZN (1999) Art. 72.1.2). *Nomina nova* (replacement names) are valid following the regulations of ICZN (1999) Art. 12.1: "To be available, every new name published before 1931 must satisfy the provisions of Article 11 and must be accompanied by a description or a definition of the taxon that it denotes, or by an indication", further Art. 12.2 concerning the term indication and Art. 12.2.3.: "the proposal of a new replacement name (*nomen novum*) for an available name, whether or not required by any provision of the Code". In the subsequent text, all restrictions, comments, and coordinates are placed into [square brackets] or "quotation marks". In some cases, synonyms, *nomina nova*, and manuscript names are mentioned if necessary to understand the type status of specimens in question. Current scientific names follow DICKINSON & CHRISTIDIS (2014), DICKINSON & REMSEN (2013). The order of taxa follows the IOC World Bird List (GILL et al. version 12.2; 2022). Dates of first descriptions are also based on DICKINSON et al. (2011).

We adopt the standardized entries of the type catalogue of Nonpasseres in the NHMW collection by SCHIFTER et al. (2007: 7–11). The original combination (in bold) is followed by the currently valid scientific name. Specimen data are literally transcribed from the original label or field label if available, in particular these include: inventory number(s), preparation (B = study skin, St. = mounted specimen, dem. St. = relaxed mount), sex, age (juvenile [juv.], adult [ad.]), as indicated on the original label, type locality as in the first description if provided, additionally from labels or other sources. The current name of type localities, their geographical coordinates, shipment, and arrival dates of Natterer's specimens in Europe (Vienna?) are optionally provided. Collector(s), collectors numbers, collecting data (date, locality, field number, origin, provenance, type of acquisition [purchase, exchange, or donation] year of acquisition, and acquisition

number) are completed if available. The abbreviation “Natterer MS” refers to manuscript names given by Johann Natterer in his catalogue. Inventory numbers are preceded by museum acronyms. Entry numbers in the NHMW acquisition book are tripartite (year of acquisition, page, running number) e. g., Acquisition no. 1815.III.177. Page numbers in [brackets] for TEMMINCK & LAUGIER (1820–1839) refer to the page counts provided in the volume of the Biodiversity Heritage Library (<https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/>). They may not correspond to the original page numbers. Dating of plates in TEMMINCK & LAUGIER (l.c.) is taken from DICKINSON (2001).

Whenever possible, incomplete label data have been completed from the original entry in the inventory – respectively acquisition books and/or any other original documents like dated lists, correspondence, or literature. Types known to have been exchanged with or donated to other collections or institutions are presented with all available information. Type specimens (holo-, syn-, or paratypes) of antbirds have been found so far in the museums of Leiden, Berlin, Munich, London, Washington, and New York and are also expected to be in the collection of Paris. In several cases, not all syntype specimens could be traced in the NHMW collection, in type catalogues of other museums, respectively the literature. Additionally, some potential, but uncertain type specimens have been added to facilitate locating further type material in other bird collections.

### Acronyms

AMNH	American Museum of Natural History, New York
BMNH	Historical Acronym of the NHMUK (see next entry)
NHMUK	British Museum of Natural History, Tring
MCZ	Museum of Comparative Zoology, Cambridge/Massachusetts
NHMW	Naturhistorisches Museum Wien
NMNH	National Museum of Natural History, Leiden; see also RMNH
RMNH	Rijksmuseum van Natuurlijke Historie, Leiden; now NMNH
USNM	United States National Museum, Washington
ZMB	Zoologisches Museum Berlin
ZSM	Zoologische Staatssammlung, München

### Type material

#### *Cercomacra ruficauda* PELZELN, 1868

*Cercomacra ruficauda* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 85, 158 (Marabitanas)

= *Ammonastes pelzelni* (SCLATER, PL, 1890)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.476 (B), ♂, 12.04.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 972, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.477 (dem. St.), ♂, 09.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 972, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, MNW 15.478 (dem. St.), ♀, 26.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 972, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, MNW 15.479 (B), ♀, 09.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 972, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 85) mentioned six specimens of *Cercomacra ruficauda* and provided a Latin description of the new species on pages 158–59. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) listed two male and two female specimens from Marabitanas as “Originale” [= syntypes]. Two specimens, 1 ♂, collected March 1831 and 1 ♀ collected 02.04.1830 were exchanged with Sclater in 1869.

### ***Formicivora bicolor* PELZELN, 1868**

*Formicivora bicolor* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 84, 156 (Engenho do Gama, Decastamento do Robeirão, Salto do Girao, Borba)

= *Microrhopias quixensis bicolor* (Pelzeln, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.296 (B), ♀, 11.10.1829, Salto do Girao [= Salto do Jiraú], Rondônia, Brazil, 09° S, 64°43' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 740, 10th shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 15.311 (B), ♀, August 1826, Engenho do Capitaio Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 09° S, 64°43' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 740, 9th shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.312 (B), ♀, 29.07.1830, unterer Rio Madeira, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 740, 11th shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.313 (B), ♂, 08.10.1829, Salto do Girao [= Salto do Jiraú], Rôndonia, Brazil, 09°20' S, 64°43' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 740, 10th shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 15.314 (dem. St.), ♂, 19.09.1829, Ribeirão, Rôndonia, Brazil, 10°15' S, 65°16' W, leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 740, 10th shipment, arrived May 1831.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 84) listed six specimens collected by Natterer, no. 740, as basis for his new species. The author mentioned in footnote no. 2, that a specimen of “*Formicivora strigilata* (Prinz Neuwied) was acquired by Natterer from Bahia” [= *Myrmorchilus strigilatus* (WIED, 1831)] collected in Destacamento do Ribeirão]. Page 156 presents a Latin description, Natterer’s manuscript name and detailed notes. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) mentioned five specimens as types: 3 ♀♀ and 2 ♂♂ that constitute part of the type series. Natterer’s card index states that a specimen from Salto do Girao, collected 13.10.1829 by Natterer was handed to the Sclater collection. This specimen was neither listed by WARREN & HARRISON (1971) nor by LECROY & SLOSS (2000).

### ***Xenops niger* PELZELN, 1859**

*Xenops niger* PELZELN, 1859: Sitzungsber. K. Akad. Wiss. Wien 34, p. 111, 132 (Brasilia, Marabitanas) = *Neoctantes niger* (PELZELN, 1859)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.780, (dem. St.), ♂, 30. 04. 1831, Marabitanas, [Upper Rio Negro, Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 978, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.781, (dem. St.), ♀, 04. 04. 1831, Marabitanas, [Upper Rio Negro, Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 978, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1859: 111) based his new species on three specimens, 2 ♂♂ and 1 ♀. He described plumage patterns of the male and the female, mentioned Natterer’s manuscript name *Xenops niger*, his collection Nr. 978, and Brasilia, Marabitanas, as type locality [= “Habitat”]. Type by original designation and monotypy (DICKINSON & CHRISTIDIS 2014: 70). PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 202) listed 1 ♂ and 1 ♀ specimen from Marabitanas as “Original exemplare” [= syntypes]. The third syntype is BMNH 1889.9.20.184, an adult ♂, collected 18.05.1831 by Johann Natterer in Marabitanas, Brazil, that completes the syntype series.

***Formicivora leucophthalma* PELZELN, 1868**

*Formicivora leucophthalma* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 83, 155 (Salto do Girao)  
= *Epinecrophylla leucophthalma leucophthalma* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Holotype.** NHMW 15.308 (dem. St.), ♀, 08.10.1829, Salto do Girao [= Salto do Jirau], Rôndonia, Brazil, 09°20' S, 64°43' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 806, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.) based his new taxon on the single ♀, listed as “Original” in PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203). HELLMAYR (1903: 213) transferred the taxon to the genus *Myrmotherula* and emphasized that the species had been “ignored by other authors”. He provided a second description of the taxon, and all data of the type specimen: “Nr. 15.308”.

***Formicivora melanogaster* PELZELN, 1868**

*Formicivora melanogaster* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 83, 154. (Cidade de Goiaz)  
= *Formicivora melanogaster melanogaster* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.275 (dem. St.), ♂, 13.08.1823, Cidade de Goiaz, [Goiás, Brazil, 15°49' S, 49°50' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 597, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.276 (dem. St.), ♀, 22.08.1823, Cidade de Goiaz, [Goiás, Brazil, 15°49' S, 49°50' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 597, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.: 83) based his new species on two specimens. He cited Natterer’s manuscript name: “*Myiothera superciliaris* PRINZ NEUWIED (nec. LICHTENSTEIN) Beitr. III 1072 (Bahia Sertao)”. Collection site Goiaz, August, two samples. After a short Latin diagnosis, PELZELN (1868: 154) cited Natterer’s detailed German manuscript draft on pages 154–155. 1 ♂ and 1 ♀ collected by Natterer in Goyaz, Brazil was confirmed by PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) as “Original exemplare” [= syntypes].

***Myrmotherula luctuosa* PELZELN, 1868**

*Myrmotherula luctuosa* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 82, 153. (Bahia)  
= *Myrmotherula luctuosa* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.230 (dem. St.), ♂, date not provided, ?1831 Bahia, [Bahia, Brazil, 12°33' S, 41°32' W], leg. H. Sellow, ex coll. Johann Natterer, no. 1170 (coll. H. Kammerlacher no. 260), NHMW 15.231 (dem. St.), ♂, date not provided, ?1831, Bahia, [Bahia, Brazil, 12°33' S, 41°32' W], leg. H. Sellow, ex coll. Natterer, no. 1170 (coll. H. Kammerlacher no. 260), NHMW 15.232 (dem. St.), ♂, date not provided, ?1831, Bahia, [Bahia, Brazil, 12°33' S, 41°32' W], leg. H. Sellow, ex coll. Natterer, no. 1170 (coll. H. Kammerlacher no. 260), NHMW 15.233 (dem. St.), ♀, date not provided, ?1831, Bahia, [Bahia, Brazil, 12°33' S, 41°32' W], leg. H. Sellow, ex coll. Natterer, no. 1170 (coll. H. Kammerlacher no. 260).

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.) based his new species on four specimens, 2 ♂♂ and 2 ♀♀ from Bahia and used Natterer’s manuscript name “*Myiothera luctuosa* TEMMINCK, Catal Msc.”. The Latin description (PELZELN 1868: 153) included male and female plumage characteristics, and Bahia as type locality. Kammerlachers no. 260 and Sellow as collector were listed. A discrepancy exists in Natterer’s species numbers. These are correctly printed as 1170 under “Natterer’s Notizen” in Pelzeln’s description, coinciding with Natterer’s card index and the NHMW inventory, but misprinted 1070 in Pelzeln’s description. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) cited 2 ♂♂ and 2 ♀♀ as “Originale” [= syntypes] that constitute the type series. They were listed as collected by Sellow in Bahia and acquired from Kammerlacher’s collection as in the description.



***Myrmotherula longipennis* PELZELN, 1868**

*Myrmotherula longipennis* PELZELN, 1868: Orn.Bras. Abth. 2, p. 83, 153 (Rio Negro, Marabitanas)  
= *Myrmotherula longipennis longipennis* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.225 (dem. St.), ♂, 02.11.1830, Barra do Rio Negro [(= Manaus), Amazonas, Brazil, 03°07' S, 60°01' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 805b, 11th shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.226 (B), ♂, 14.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 805b, 11th shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.227 (B), ♀, 07.01.1831, Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 11' S, 64°44' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 805b, 11th shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 82) based his new species on three specimens and compared these with one specimen of each *M. urosticta* and *M. fuliginosa*, as explained in his footnote no. 3 (PELZELN 1868: 153). Two ♂♂ and 1♀, collected by Natterer in Brazil, were also mentioned in PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) as “Originale” [= syntypes].

***Myrmotherula berlepschi* HELLMAYR, 1903**

*Myrmotherula berlepschi* HELLMAYR, 1903: Verh. K.k. Zool.-Bot. Ges. Wien, 53, p. 211 (Salto do Girao, Rio Madeira)

= *Myrmotherula menetriesii berlepschi* HELLMAYR, 1903

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.228 (B), ♂, 08.10.1829, Salto do Girao [(= Salto do Jirau), Rondônia, Brazil, 09°20' S, 64°43' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 805, 10th shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 15.224 (dem. St.), ♀, 08.10.1829, Salto do Girao [(= Salto do Jirau), Rondônia, Brazil, 09°20' S, 64°43' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 805, 10th shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 15.223 (B), ♀, 19.09.1829, Ribeirao, [Rio Madeira, Rondônia, Brazil, 10°15' S, 65°16' W], 10th shipment, arrived May 1831.

Uncertain syntype: NHMW 15.222 (B), ♂, 11.10.1829, Salto do Girao [(= Salto do Jirau), Rondônia, Brazil, 09°20' S, 64°43' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 805, 10th shipment, arrived May 1831.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (l.c.) based his new species on three specimens (1 ♂ and 2 ♀♀ females) and named Natterer as collector. ♂ (NHMW 15.228) and ♀ (NHMW 15.224) were designated as “Typus”, but collecting dates and localities were provided for another ♀ that coincides with NHMW 15.223. As the fourth specimen was not mentioned by Hellmayr, it is listed here as uncertain syntype.

***Myrmotherula assimilis* PELZELN, 1868**

*Myrmotherula assimilis* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Anth. 2, p. 81, 152 (Borba, Rio Negro unterhalb Pojares, Rio Amajaú)

= *Myrmotherula assimilis assimilis* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.238 (B), ♂, 17.09.1831, Rio Amajaú, [(= Rio Paraná), Paraná, Brazil, 01°18' S, 61°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 931 partim, 12th shipment, arrived 1836, NHMW 15.239 (dem. St.), ♂, 17.09.1831, Rio Amajaú, [(= Rio Paraná), Paraná, Brazil, 01°18' S, 61°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 931 partim, 12th shipment, arrived 1836, NHMW 15.240 (dem. St.), ♀, 17.09.1831, Rio Amajaú, [(= Rio Paraná), Paraná, Brazil, 01°18' S, 61°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 931 partim, 11th or 12th shipment, arrived 1836, NHMW 15.241 (dem. St.), ♀, 17.09.1831, Rio Amajaú, [(= Rio Paraná), Paraná, Brazil, 01°18' S, 61°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. no. 931 partim, 12th shipment, arrived 1836.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.: 81) based his new species on six specimens. All were collected by Natterer at Borba in July, Rio Negro in November, and Rio Amajaú in September. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) listed 3 ♂♂ and 3 ♀♀ collected by Natterer at Rio Amajaú as “Originalexemplare” [= syntypes]. Only four specimens are found in the NHMW collection today. An adult ♂, BMNH Reg. No. 1889.9.20.217, collected by Natterer 25.11.1830 at Rio Negro, and 1 ♀, BMNH

Reg. No 1889.9.20.218, coll. by Natterer 13.07.1836 at Borba, Rio Madeira, complete the type series.

### *Cyphorhinus (Microcerculus) cinctus* PELZELN, 1868

*Cyphorhinus (Microcerculus) cinctus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 47, 65 (Borba, S. Joaquim) = *Dichrozona cincta* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.350 (dem. St.), ♂, 28.07.1831, São Joaquim, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°01' N, 67°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 846, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.351 (B), ♀, 04.01.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 846, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.) based his new species on two specimens, as provided above. He cited Natterer's notes, his manuscript name "*Myioturdus cinctus*" and that 1♂ from São Joaquim was collected in July and 1♀ specimen from a pair in Borba in January. The Latin description referred only to the ♂. The species was not mentioned by PELZELN & LORENZ (1887). HELLMAYR (1906: 348) identified *Hypocnemis stellata* SCLATER, PL & SALVIN, 1880, as an immature of *Dichrozona cincta* and *Dichrozona zononota* RIDGEWAY, 1888 as identical with Pelzeln's species and treated both as synonyms. He addressed the ♂ bird as type and the ♀ as cotype [= syntypes]. Hellmayr (in CORY & HELLMAYR 1924: 165) accepted the ♂ bird only: "We designate as type: Vienna Museum No. 16.350, adult ♂, S. Joaquim, Rio Negro, July 28, 1831, J. Natterer Coll., upon which the Latin diagnosis was evidently based, since the apical spots to the lesser wing coverts are described as white, which applies only to the S. Joaquim bird, while they are buff in the Borba ♀. -- C. E. H." Both specimens must be treated as syntypes, [buff lesser wing coverts are characteristics of the ♀].

### *Thamnophilus saturninus* PELZELN, 1868

*Thamnomanes saturninus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 77, 147 (Cayenne, Brasilia (Borba, Serra Carauman))

= *Thamnomanes saturninus saturninus* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.824 (dem. St.), ♂, 06.05.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 867, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 16.825 (dem. St.), ♂, 06.1832, Serra Carauman, Rio Branco between Rio Tarinea and Mocajahi, Cayenne], no further information, NHMW 16.827 (dem. St.), ♀, 26.05.1830, Borba, Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W, leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 867, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, 7<sup>th</sup> journey, arrived May 1831, NHMW 16.828 (dem. St.), ♀, 02.03.1830, Borba, Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W, leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 867, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, 7<sup>th</sup> journey, arrived May 1831.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 77) listed three specimens, collected in March and May in Borba and June in Serra Carauman. PELZELN (l.c.: 147–148), described plumage characteristics of the ♂ and ♀ but listed no specimen numbers. Pelzeln also cited Natterer's notes: "Weibchen (Borba rechtes Madeiraufer im Walde des Sitio des H. Collares, März)". Natterer also described its plumage and provided some measurements. PELZELN (1868: 148) referred to: "another ♂ required by Becoeur was found in the older collection". This mounted specimen was not included in the first description. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) listed four specimens, 2♂♂ and 2♀♀ as "original examples" [= syntypes]. The Cayenne specimen, bought from H. Becouer, refers to NHMW 16.826, Acquisition no. 1815.XXXVII.177, that was identified as another species, *Dysithamnus ardesiacus obidensis* SNETHLAGE, 1914 (= *Thamnomanes ardesiacus obidensis* (SNETHLAGE, 1914)).

***Myothera strictothorax* TEMMINCK, 1823**

*Myothera strictothorax* TEMMINCK, 1823: Pl. col. livr. 30, pl. 179, fig. 1, 2, p. [277–278] (Brésil)  
= *Dysithamnus stictothorax* (TEMMINCK, 1823)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.782 (St.), ♂, 1823 or before, [Bahia, Brazil, 12°34' S, 41°42' W], leg. Friedrich Sellow, coll. J. Natterer no. 1172, ex coll. Kammerlacher, no. 79, NHMW 16.805 (St.), ♀, 1823 or before, [Bahia, Brazil, 12°34' S, 41°42' W], leg. Friedrich Sellow, coll. J. Natterer no. 1172, ex coll. Kammerlacher, no. 79.

**Notes.** TEMMINCK (l.c.) based his plate and description on an unknown number of specimens. He mentioned only specimens from the Museum in Vienna: “L’espèce vit au Brésil, et l’on voit, dans le Musée de Vienne, les sujets qui nous ont servi de modèles”. DEKKER (2003: 79) remarked, that: “according to the original description the syntypes are in Vienna”. A handwritten list (probably of Josef Natterer jun.) in the NHMW bird collection verifies that 1 ♂ and 1 ♀ of *Myothera strictothorax*, [Kammerlacher] collection no. 79, had arrived in the NHMW: “6te Sendung von Temminck, 4ter Tausch, zurück erhalten im May 1823”.

***Dysithamnus affinis* PELZELN, 1868**

*Dysithamnus affinis* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 80, 149 (Villa Maria)  
= *Dysithamnus mentalis affinis* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.812 (B), ♂, 26. 08. 1825, Vila Maria [= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S 57°14' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1169 (26 b), 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 16.813 (B), ♀, 26.08.1825, Vila Maria [= (Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S 57°14' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1169 (26 b), 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.) based his new taxon on two specimens collected August [1825] at Villa Maria, that constitute the type series. Pelzeln used Natterer’s manuscript, who already realized the similarity with *Dysithamnus mentalis*. (TEMMINCK, 1823). PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 202) listed 1 ♂ and 1 ♀ collected by Natterer in Brazil (Villa Maria) as “Original exemplare” [= syntypes].

***Myothera mentalis* TEMMINCK, 1823**

*Myothera mentalis* TEMMINCK, 1823: Pl. Col. Vol.2, pl.179, fig.3, [p. 278] (Brésil)  
= *Dysithamnus mentalis mentalis* (TEMMINCK, 1823)

**Holotype.** NHMW 16.811 (dem. St.), ♂, 12.10.1820, Curytiba [= Curitiba), Paraná, Brazil, 25°25' S, 49°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 26, 4<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived October 1821.

**Notes.** Temminck’s short French text accompanying plate 179 did not specify how many specimens were the basis for his new species. The plate illustrated 1 ♂ bird and the text mentioned that ♀♀ were not known to him: “On ne connaît point encore la femelle” and further: “Cette espèce se trouve au Musée de Vienne où elle a été envoyée par M. Natterer.” It remains uncertain how many specimens he used as the basis for his description. PELZELN (1868: 79): “Rio Janeiro December, Registo do Sai April, Curytiba [= Curitiba] October, Rio Paraná Mai, 5 (6?) Ex.” PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 202) listed only NHMW 16.811, the ♂ from Curytiba, as “Original and model for Temminck’s plate”. A handwritten list of (?) Joseph Natterer jun. confirms that *Myothera mentalis*, Natterer no. 26 was returned by Temminck in 1823: “6te Sendung von Temminck 7ter Tausch, erhalten im May 1823”. A handwritten remark on the label of NHMW 16.811: “Exemplar von Temminck l.c. abgebildet” demonstrates that this specimen was seen by him. The



specimen from Brazil, mentioned by SALVIN (1882: 346): “no.1701a. *Dysithamnus mentalis* (N.C. STRICKLAND) 1838”, therefore is an uncertain paratype. DEKKER (2003: 79): “taxa of which the types do not exist, seem to be missing, or are known not to be present in the Leiden collection: *Myothera mentalis* TEMMINCK, 1823: livr. 30, pl. 179, fig. 3 = *Dysithamnus mentalis mentalis* (TEMMINCK, 1823). According to the original description the holotype is in Vienna”. As TEMMINCK (l.c.) did not mention how many specimens he had seen, among which, several might be types.

### ***Myothera pileata* LICHTENSTEIN, 1823**

*Myothera pileata* LICHTENSTEIN, 1823: Verz. Doubl., p. 44 (Bahia)  
= *Herpsilochmus pileatus* (LICHTENSTEIN, 1823)

**Syntype.** NHMW 15.158 (B), ♂, no further dates, acquired by the NHMW in 1839 from Lichtenstein, Berlin Museum.

**Notes.** PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 202): “A ♂ from Brazil, acquired from the Berlin Museum”. Specimens NHMW 15.159 – NHMW 15.161 collected by Johann Natterer and handed to the NHMW by Kammerlacher may have no type status.

### ***Herpsilochmus atricapillus* PELZELN, 1868**

*Herpsilochmus atricapillus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. 2, p. 150 (Porto do Rio Parana, Goiaz)  
= *Herpsilochmus atricapillus* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.173 (dem. St.), ♂, April 1823, Porto do Rio Paraná, [Minas Gerais, Brazil, 19°59' S, 47°46' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 549, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.174 (B), ♀, 14.05.1823, Porto do Rio Paraná, [Minas Gerais, Brazil, 19°59' S, 47°46' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 549, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.175 (dem. St.), ♀, 21.04.1823, Porto do Rio Paraná, [Minas Gerais, Brazil, 19°59' S, 47°46' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 549, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.176 (B), ♀, 05.09.1823, Goiaz, [(= Cidade de Goiás), Goiás, Brazil, 15°49' S, 49°50' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer, species no. 549, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 80) based his new species on five specimens, collected in “Porto do Rio Parana, am Ufer auf Gesträuch, ein Paar, April, Mai, Goiaz, September”. The species is listed with all specimens in PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 202) and SCLATER (1890: 246), who listed 1 ♂ specimen of *Herpsilochmus atricapillus* from Goiás, Brazil, recognized by Natterer as “authentic specimen” [= syntype]. This fifth syntype, an adult ♂ from Borba, July 1830, collected by J. Natterer in Goiás, is BMNH Reg. No. 1889.9.20.323. and completes the syntype series.

### ***Herpsilochmus dorsimaculatus* PELZELN, 1868**

*Herpsilochmus dorsimaculatus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras., p. 80, 151 (Marabitanas, Rio Vaupé)  
= *Herpsilochmus dorsimaculatus* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.162 (dem. St.), ♂, 20.5.1831, Marabitanas, upper Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], J. Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 980, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.163 (dem. St.), ♂, 20.7.1831, Rio Vaupé [(= Rio Uaupés), Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], J. Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 980, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.164 (B), ♂, 20.05.1831, Marabitanas, upper Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], J. Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 980, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.165 (dem. St.), ♀, 13.05.1831 Marabitanas, upper Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], J. Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 980, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.166 (B), ♀, 20.07.1831, Rio Vaupé [(= Rio Uaupés), Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], J. Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 980, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 80) based his new taxon on five specimens collected in Marabitanas in May and Rio Uaupés in July [1831], coinciding with the specimens listed above. He noted Natterer's manuscript name and his species no. 980. The Latin description (p.151) provided plumage patterns of ♂ and ♀, some measurements, Natterer's manuscript name and type locality (= habitat). Natterer's German notes referred to moult and habitat of two specimens, 1 ♂ and 1 ♀ from Marabitanas, collected in May, without a year. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) cited 3 ♂ and 2 ♀ specimens as "Originalexemplare" [= syntypes] that constitute the type series.

### ***Herpsilochmus longirostris* PELZELN, 1868**

*Herpsilochmus longirostris* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 80, 150 (Porto do Rio Parana, Rio Araguay, Cuyaba, Rio Guaporé)

= *Herpsilochmus longirostris longirostris* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.167 (B), ♂, 04.11.1823, Rio Araguaia [(= Rio Araguaia), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°14' S, 51°50' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 554, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.168 (B), ♂, 29.07.1824, Cuyaba [(= Cuiabá), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°36' S, 56°05' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 554, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.169 (B), ♂, 31.07.1829, Rio Guaporé, [Rondonia, Brazil, 12°59' S, 62°44' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 554, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 15.170 (B), ♀, 04.11.1823, Rio Araguay [(= Rio Araguaia), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°44' S, 51°50' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 554, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.171 (B), ♀, 24.08.1824, Cuyaba [(= Cuiabá), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°36' S, 56°05' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 554, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 15.172 (B), ♀, 24.04.1823, Porto do Rio Parana, [(= São Paulo, Brazil), 20°07' S, 47°58' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 554, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 80) based his new species on seven specimens. Only six specimens are found in the collection today. Footnote 5: "Von *H. pectoralis* P.L. Sclater wurden zwei männliche Exemplare aus Bahia durch Natterer für die Sammlung gekauft." [see types of uncertain status]. A series of 3 ♂♂ and 5 ♀♀ collected by Natterer was listed as "Originalexemplare" [= syntypes] in PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 202). CORY & HELLMAYR (1924: 176) provided measurements of 22 specimens but did not cite their repositories: 7 adult ♂♂ and 4 ♀♀ from Mato Grosso, 2 ♂♂ and 4 ♀♀ from Goiás and 2 ♀♀ from São Paulo that might include some types. Neither specimens from Rio Guapore, Rondônia nor their type status were addressed. The species is not found in WARREN & HARRISON (1971), the syntype series is incomplete.

### ***Thamnophilus Borbae* PELZELN, 1868**

*Thamnophilus Borbae* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 75, 140 (Borba)

= *Taraba major borbae* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.548 (B), ♂, 25.06.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 580b, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 16.549 (dem. St.), ♂, 22.04.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 580b, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 16.550 (B), ♀, 22.04.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 580b, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 16.551 (dem. St.), ♀, 03.03.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 580b, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 75) based his new species on 4 ♂♂ and 2 ♀♀ from Borba, collected in March, April, June, and July. ♂ and ♀ plumage characteristics and

some measurements were mentioned (PELZELN 1868: 140). He also cited Natterer's German manuscript text, that verified 4 ♂♂ and 2 ♀♀ collected in Borba, that are part of the syntype series. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) mentioned 2 ♂♂ and 2 ♀♀ collected by Natterer in Brazil (Borba) as "Originale" [= syntypes] as listed above. Four specimens are still stored in the NHMW today. SCLATER (1890: 186) listed 1 ♂ from Borba, River Madeira in his collection. This "authentic specimen" collected July 1830 by Natterer is found in the BMNH London, Reg. No. 1889.9.20.27 as part of the type series (WARREN & HARRISON 1971: 71). The sixth specimen could not be traced.

### ***Thamnophilus unduliger* PELZELN, 1868**

*Thamnophilus unduliger* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth 2, p. 75, 139 (Marabitanas, Rio Içanna)  
= *Frederickena unduliger unduliger* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.508 (dem. St.), ♂, 02.06.1831, Rio Içanna [(= Rio Içanna), S. Boaventura, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°45' N, 67°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 979, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.509 (B), ♂, 02.05.1831, Marabitanas, [= upper Rio Negro, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 979, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.510 (B), ♀, 30.04.1831, Marabitanas, [upper Rio Negro, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 979, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.511 (dem. St.), ♀, 02.06.1831, Rio Içanna [(= Rio Içanna), S. Boaventura, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°45' N, 67°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. no. 979, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 75) based his description on four specimens. He presented (l.c.: 139) Natterer's elaborate notes that mentioned a pair collected at the Rio Içana in June and two specimens from Marabitanas, that constitute the type series. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 200) also provided 2 ♂♂ and 2 ♀♀ as syntypes from Rio Içana, Marabitanas as "Originale" [= syntypes].

### ***Thamnophilus nigricristatus difficilis* HELLMAYR, 1903**

*Thamnophilus nigricristatus difficilis* HELLMAYR, 1903: Verh. k.k. Zool.-Bot. Ges. Wien, 53, p. 216 (Rio Claro, Goyaz, Brasilien)  
= *Thamnophilus doliatus difficilis* HELLMAYR, 1903= *Thamnophilus capistratus* (nec LESSON!) PELZELN, 1868; Orn. Brasil., p. 78 (a replacement name in there)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.739 (B), ♂, 30.09.1823, Rio Claro, Goiaz [(= Goiás), Brazil, 16° S, 51°12' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1151, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 16.740 (dem. St.), ♀, 10.10.1823, Rio Araguay, Goiaz [(= Goiás), Brazil, 15°44' S, 51°50' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer 1151, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827, NHMW 16.741 (B), ♀, 30.09.1823, Rio Claro, Goiaz, [(= Goiás), Brazil, 16° S, 51°12' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1151, 8<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived September 1827.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (l.c.) based his new subspecies on three specimens, designating the ♂ and ♀ from Rio Claro (NHMW 16.739 and NHMW 16.741) as "types", but also mentioned Natterer's third specimen from Rio Araguay, Goiaz, 10. October 1823, (NHMW 16.740). Thus, all three specimens constitute the type series. Another juvenile ♂ from Obidos, (NHMW 16.738) collected in 1834 by Natterer was not included, because Hellmayr was uncertain about its status and listed it as a colour and morphological variant: "hat viel kürzere schwarze Haube und etwas unterbrochene weiße Bindenzeichnung auf dem Rücken. Diese Unterschiede sind wohl individueller Natur." It was described as a new subspecies *Thamnophilus doliatus signatus* ZIMMER, 1933, a taxon not accepted by HOWARD & MOORE (2014) and neither by the IOC list vs 12.2.

***Thamnophilus murinus* SCLATER, PL & SALVIN, 1867**

*Thamnophilus murinus* SCLATER, PL & SALVIN, 1867: Proc. Zool. Soc. London, pt. 3., p. 756 (Marabitanas et Barra do Rio Negro)

= *Thamnophilus murinus murinus* SCLATER, PL & SALVIN, 1867

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.586 (dem. St.), ♀, 21.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.588 (dem. St.), ♂, 14.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.589 (dem. St.), ♂, 14.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.590 (B), ♂, 16.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.592 (B), ♂, 01.04.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.593 (B), ♂, 16.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> or 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835 or 1836, NHMW 16.594 (B), ♂, 18.05.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil], 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.595 (B), ♂, 25.06.1831, Rio Icanna [= Rio Içana], Amazonas, Brazil, 0°45' N, 67°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.596 (B), ♂, 25.06.1831, Rio Icanna [= Rio Içana], Amazonas, Brazil, 0°45' N 67°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.597 (B), ♂, 11.11.1830, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.598 (B), ♂, 19.07.1831, Rio Vaupé [= Rio Uaupés], Amazonas, Brazil, 0°07' N, 67°57' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.599 (B), ♂, 01.09.1831, Barcellos, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 62°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 1836, NHMW 16.600 (B), ♂, 05.10.1830, Rio Negro [Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.602 (B), ♀, 20.10.1830, Barra do Rio Negro [= Manaus], Amazonas, Brazil, 03°07' S, 60°01' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.603 (B), ♀, 14.03.1831, Upper Rio Negro, [Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.604 (B), ♀, 28.01.1831, Upper Rio Negro, [Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.605 (dem. St.), ♀, 24.03.1831, Upper Rio Negro [Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.789 (B), ♀, 02.03.1831, Upper Rio Negro [Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.790 (B), ♀, 15.03.1831, Upper Rio Negro [Marabitanas, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 923, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** SCLATER & SALVIN (l.c.) based their new species on an unknown number of specimens: “*Thamnophilus murinus*, Natt[erer] MS. sp. no. 923. Xeberos. Specimens of both sexes of this species, of which Sclater has three examples in his collection under Natterer’s MS name” [= *Thamnophilus murinus*]. The authors shortly described the ♂ and ♀ and mentioned Marabitanas et Barra do Rio Negro as habitat [= type locality] of Natterer’s specimens, Cayenne for samples from “Mus. P.L. Sclater” [Sclater collection] and Xeberos for specimens from “Bartlett” [Bartlett collection]. PELZELN (1868: 77): *Thamnophilus murinus* Natterer N. 923. P.L. SCLATER, Proceed. Z.S. 1867: 756 (Cayenne, O. Peru, but he was uncertain about specimen numbers: “26 (23?)” [in the NHMW collection]. [“Barra do Rio Negro in October; Rio Negro in October and November; Marabitanas in January, March, April, and May; Rio Icanna in June; Rio Vaupe in July and Barcellos in December.”]. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201): “24 authentic specimens collected by Natterer in Brazil at the Rio Negro. The species description based on specimens

from Natterer as well as those from Cayenne (Sclater collection) and Peru (Bartlett collection)”.

Nineteen specimens are found in the NHMW collection today. Two syntypes are stored in the British Museum, London: (WARREN & HARRISON 1971: 368): BMNH Reg. no. 1889.9.20.63, an adult ♂ collected by Natterer 15. Oct.1830, and “a ♀ syntype” without details. This specimen is registered in the BMNH database (retrieved 10.09.2021) BMNH Reg. no. 1889.9.20.64, collected at Barra do Rio Negro 15.08.1831. A handwritten entry in the NHMW inventory reports that ♂ NHMW 16.591, collected 29.04.1831 at Marabitanas, was handed at an unknown date to the AMNH, New York. This specimen was not mentioned by LECROY & SLOSS (2000). Thus, the type series may be incomplete. BERLEPSCH & HARTERT (1902: 69) accepted only Barra do Rio Negro as the “typical habitat” [= type locality], following Natterer’s manuscript, but this restriction contradicts [ICZN (1999) Art. 73.2.3], and all collection areas are type localit(ies).

### *Thamnophilus cinereoniger* PELZELN, 1868

*Thamnophilus cinereoniger* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 76, 143 (Rio Negro, Marabitanas, Rio Vaupé, Rio Amajau, Tapajoz)

= *Thamnophilus nigrocinereus cinereoniger* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.571 (B), ♂, 17.11.1830, Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°11' S, 64°44' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 928, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.573 (B), ♂, 15.09.1831, Rio Amajau, [(= Rio Amajaú), Paraná, Brazil, 01°18' S, 61°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 928, 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 1836, NHMW 16.576 (dem. St.), ♀, 26.04.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 928, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.582 (B), ♀, 15.09.1831, Rio Amajau, [(= Rio Amajaú), Paraná, Brazil, 01°18' S, 61°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 928, 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 1836, NHMW 16.583 (B), ♀, 12.07.1831, Rio Vaupes, [(= Rio Uaupés) Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 928, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.584 (dem. St.), ♀, 15.11.1830, Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°11' S, 64°44' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 928, 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 1836.

**Notes.** Pelzeln’s new species based on “13 (12) specimens” (PELZELN 1868: 76). The Latin description (PELZELN 1868: 143) provided detailed information on plumage characteristics, some measurements, and localities, but no details on specimen numbers. PELZELN (l.c.) also provided Natterer’s German notes that mentioned 1 ♀ [NHMW 16.584] collected at the upstream Rio Negro at Airao on 15<sup>th</sup> November 1830, an adult ♂ downriver of Rio Negro at Villa de Moura in November (no exact datum available [? NHMW 16.571]), and another ♀ from the same locality. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) mentioned nine specimens of Natterer as “Originale” [= syntypes]. Six specimens are still in the NHMW collection. WARREN & HARRISON (1971: 119) listed as syntype “Adult ♂, BMNH Reg. no. 1889.9.20.51, Rio Amajau, Brazil 16. Sept. 1831.” “This specimen and two others in the collection were addressed as “authentic specimens” by SCLATER (1890: 193).” The database of the BMNH London provided three syntypes: BMNH Reg. no. 1889.9.20.51, the ♂ mentioned above, leg. 16. 09.1831; BMNH Reg. no.1889.9.20.52, 1 ♀, leg. 09.12.1830 and an uncertain ♂, BMNH Reg. no.1889.7.10. 89 leg. 09.12.1830. SALVIN (1882: 345): “1692. *Thamnophilus cinereoniger*” is an uncertain syntype because: “Evidently one of Mr. Wallace’s specimens but without his label. The species, however, is not included in the list of Mr. Wallace’s Amazon Collection



(P. Z. S. 1867).” The whereabouts of the remaining [two or three] specimens are unknown.

### ***Thamnophilus Tschudii* PELZELN, 1868**

*Thamnophilus Tschudii* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 76, 141 (Borba)

= *Thamnophilus nigrocinereus tschudii* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.560 (B), ♂, 19.08.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.561 (B), ♂, 17.02.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 16.562 (dem. St.), ♂, 14.07.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.563 (B), ♂, 14.07.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.564 (B), ♂, 14.07.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.565 (dem. St.), juv. ♂, 19.08.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.566 (B), ♀, 14.07.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.567 (B), ♀, 18.02.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 862, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831.

**Notes.** PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) mentioned 10 “Originale” [= syntypes]. Eight specimens are found in the NHMW collection today. Four “authentic specimens” are listed in SCLATER (1890: 191): “a ♂ and ♀ from each the Sclater respectively the Salvin-Godman collection”. WARREN & HARRISON (1971: 569) listed BMNH Reg.no. 1889.9.20.42, an adult ♂, collected by J. Natterer in Borba in July 1826 already as syntype and mentioned three other syntypes in the collection. These were retrieved from the online database as: BMNH Reg.no. 1889.9.20.43, adult ♀, coll. 20.02.1830 in Borba; BMNH Reg. no.1889.7.10.81, adult ♂, coll. 21.02.1830 in Borba; BMNH Reg.no. 1889.07.10.80, adult ♀. Together with the eight specimens in the NHMW collection, they are part of the type series. Two specimens could not be traced. The designation of a lectotype (and paralectotypes) of *Thamnophilus Tschudii* PELZELN 1868 by DESFAYES (1994: 86) is invalid as the designated specimens were evidently no syntypes. They were collected in Peru and not in Brazil. Pelzeln’s taxon was established on 10 specimens (syntypes), collected February, July, August 1830 in Borba, Brazil (PELZELN 1868: 141). Pelzeln’s taxon is accepted by DICKINSON & CHRISTIDIS (2014: 84) and the IOC World Bird List vs. 12.2.

### ***Thamnophilus stictocephalus* PELZELN, 1868**

*Thamnophilus stictocephalus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 77, 146 (Sao Vicente)

= *Thamnophilus stictocephalus stictocephalus* PELZELN, 1868

**Holotype.** NHMW 16.618 (B), subad. ♂, December 1826, Sao Vicente, [(= São Vicente), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 14°20' S, 59°45' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 1157, (22 b), 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 1830.

**Notes.** Pelzeln based his short Latin description on a single ♂ specimen and mentioned that Natterer noted in his manuscript the specimen as *Thamnophilus spec.* PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) provided the species as “Original” (= holotype), described from a single specimen of St. Vicente, Brazil. HELLMAYR (In CORY & HELLMAYR 1924: 92) regarded the taxon as “almost certainly an individual variant of *T. p. sticturus*” DICKINSON & CHRISTIDIS (2014: 82) and the IOC World Bird List v.12.1. accept the taxon as a valid species.

***Thamnophilus sticturus* PELZELN, 1868**; Orn. Bras. p. 76, 144. (Engenho do Cap Gama, Mato Grosso, Brazil)

*Thamnophilus sticturus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. p. 76, 144. (Engenho do Cap Gama, Mato Grosso, Brazil)

= *Thamnophilus sticturus* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.692 (dem. St.), ♂, 03.08.1826, Engenho do Capitaõ Gama, [(= Engenho do Capitão Gama), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1153 (220, 516), 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 16.693 (B), ♂, 19.07.1826, Engenho do Capitaõ Gama, [(= Engenho do Capitão Gama), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1153 (220, 516), 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 16.694 (dem. St.), ♀, 30.07.1826, Engenho do Capitaõ Gama, [(= Engenho do Capitão Gama), Mato Grosso, Brazil 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1153 (220, 516), 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 76) based his new species on three specimens collected by Natterer at Engenho do Cap[itão] Gama in July and August. He also mentioned another ♂ specimen with Natterer's Catalog number, as "variety from Cidadae de Goiaz August". PELZELN's (l.c., 144) Latin description provided Natterer's German notes: ["variety" from Goiaz; "this ♂ seems to belong to a different species because of a different shape of its tail"]. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) listed 3 ♂♂ and 1 ♀ collected by Natterer in Brazil (Goiaz, Engenho do Cpt. Gama) as "Original-exemplare" [= syntypes], including the variety from Goiás. The status of this "variety" is uncertain: it may belong to (*Thamnophilus punctatus pelzelni* HELLMAYR 1924: 96, footnote b). The IOC World Bird List v.12.2 and DICKINSON & CHRISTIDIS (2014: 82) accept *Thamnophilus punctatus*, *Th. stictocephalus*, *Th. sticturus* and *Th. pelzelni* as valid species.

***Thamnophilus naevius* var. *gilvigaster* PELZELN, 1868**

*Thamnophilus naevius* var. *gilvigaster* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 76, (Curytiba)

= *Thamnophilus caerulescens gilvigaster* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.636 (dem. St.), ♂, 18.10.1820, Curytiba, [(= Curitiba), Paraná, Brazil, 25°25' S, 49°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 274, 4<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived October 1821, NHMW 16.637 (dem. St.), ♂, 12.10.1820, Curytiba, [(= Curitiba), Paraná, Brazil, 25°25' S, 49°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 274, 4<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived October 1821, NHMW 16.638 (B), ♀, 19.10.1820, Curytiba, [(= Curitiba), Paraná, Brazil, 25°25' S, 49°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 274, 4<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived October 1821, NHMW 16.639 (dem. St.), ♀, 18.10.1820, Curytiba, [(= Curitiba), Paraná, Brazil, 25°25' S, 49°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 274, 4<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived October 1821.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.) based his description of the new "variety" on an unknown number of specimens and mentioned: "This variety was called *Thamnophilus gilvigaster* by Temminck". Within 12 specimens listed as *Thamnophilus naevius* (LATHAM, 1790: 81, no. 51.) N. 274: "some ♂♂ especially from Ypanema have ochreous belly and tail coverts". Footnote no. 4: "2 ♂♂ from Curytiba belong to the variety *gilvigaster*, 1 ♂ from Ypanema has a yellowish trace on belly and undercoverts. No difference exists between ♀♀ from Curytiba and Ypanema". "Other examples [specimens] in our museum [the NHMW bird collection] are 2 ♂♂ from Cayenne from H. Becoeur, 1 ♂ (with yellow belly) and 1 ♀ from H. Pöppig from Brazil, lastly a yellow-bellied ♂ exchanged from the Strassburg University Museum from Chile with longer black parts in the nape and darker underside.". Natterer further commented that this variety could be Sclater's *Thamnophilus naevius* (SCLATER

1855: 242). HELLMAYR (1906: 662): “*T. naevius* var. *gilvigaster* TEMM.” He provided Paraná, Curitiba as type locality but no information on specimen numbers. CORY & HELLMAYR (1924: 102): “♂ differs from *T. c. caerulescens* by having the flanks and under tail coverts ochraceous buff; ♀ generally with crown more rufous. Intermediates to *caerulescens* are not uncommon. -- C. E. H.” The taxon was not included in PELZELN & LORENZ (1887). The subspecies is accepted by DICKINSON & CHRISTIDIS (2014: 82) and the IOC World Bird List (v.12.2), relying on ISLER et al. (1997) and LACERDA et al. (2007).

### ***Thamnophilus polionotus* PELZELN, 1868**

*Thamnophilus polionotus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 77, 147 (Maribitanas, Barcellos)  
= *Thamnophilus aethiops polionotus* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.606 (B), ♂, April 1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W] leg. Johann Natterer no. 1160, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.607 (St.), ♂, 06.04.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer no. 1160, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.608 (B), ♀, 30.11.1830, Barcelos [(= Barcellos) Amazonas, Brazil, 0°58' S, 62°55' W] leg. Johann Natterer no. 1160, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 77) based his new species on three specimens with Natterer's collection number 1160 that constitute the type series. Dates were provided as April for Marabitanas and November for Barcellos. PELZELN (1868: 147) listed Natterer's notes: "... a male from Marabitanas 06. April 1831. The bird from Barcellos 30. November 1830 belongs most probably as female to that species." Specimen MNW 16.606 was not explicitly addressed but also bears an original label of J. Natterer. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) listed: "two males and a female collected in Brazil (Marabitanas, Barcellos); Originale" [= syntypes].

### ***Thamnophilus incertus* PELZELN, 1868**

*Thamnophilus incertus* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 78, 149 (Pará)  
= *Thamnophilus aethiops incertus* PELZELN, 1868

**Holotype.** NHMW 16.609 (dem. St.), ♀, 1834, Belem [(= Pará), Pará, Brazil, 01°27' S, 48°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 538, 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1836.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 78) based his taxon on a single ♀ but seemed to query its status as a new species and was uncertain of its collection number. In a footnote he made a remark that: "Natterer did neither receive Sclater's *Thamnophilus nigro - cinereus* (sic!) from Pará nor Swaison's *Th. Pileatus*." PELZELN (1868: 149) described the ♀ specimen shortly in Latin. A single ♀ from Pará was provided as "Original" [= holotype] in PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 202). HELLMAYR (1929: 368) mentioned the ♀ type specimen in the NHMW collection "type in Vienna Museum; = ♀", and added the missing description of the ♂: "Maranhao: Tury-assú, ♂ (first calendar year annual) Nov[ember] 14, 1913".

### ***Thamnophilus aethiops kapouni* SEILERN, 1913**

*Thamnophilus aethiops kapouni* SEILERN, 1913: Verhandl. Orn. Ges. Bayern, p. 277 (Yahuarmayo, Carabaya, S.O. Peru)

= *Thamnophilus aethiops kapouni* SEILERN, 1913

**Holotype.** NHMW 85.539 (B), ♂, 12.04.1912, Yahuarmayo, [Puno, Peru, 13°17' S, 70°18' W], leg. Watkins, H. & Watkins, C., coll. Watkins & Watkins no. 717, ex Museum Seilern, Lešna, no. 4560.

**Notes.** SEILERN (l.c.) based his new subspecies on a single almost adult ("vix adult") ♂ specimen. The type was housed "im Museum Seilern, Lešna: Nr.4560",

but acquired in 1986 by the bird collection of the NHMW with other collection material of Count Seilern (SCHIFTER 2000).

### *Thamnophilus punctuliger* PELZELN, 1868

*Thamnophilus punctuliger* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Brasil. Abth. 2, p. 77, 146 (Borba)

= *Thamnophilus aethiops punctuliger* PELZELN, 1868

**Holotype.** NHMW 16.610 (dem. St.), ♂, 16.12.1829, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 835, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1831.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.) based his elaborate Latin description on a single specimen. He mentioned Natterer's manuscript notes and listed: "*Thamnophilus* spec. A male bird, not moulting, was collected in woodland of Borba in December". PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) considered the single ♂ collected by Natterer as holotype (= Original). Also, HELLMAYR (1906a: 339) addressed the single ♂ specimen as given above.

### *Thamnophilus cinereiceps* PELZELN, 1868

*Thamnophilus cinereiceps* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 77, 145 (Maribatanas)

= *Thamnophilus amazonicus cinereiceps* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.671 (B), ♂, 17.07.1831, Maribatanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1152 (515), 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.672 (dem. St.), ♂, 17.07.1831, Maribatanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1152 (515), 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.673 (B), ♂, 16.05.1831, Maribatanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1152 (515), 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.674 (B), ♂, 06.05.1831, Maribatanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1152 (515), 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 16.675 (dem. St.), ♀, 15.03.1831, Maribatanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1152 (515), 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 77) based his new species on six specimens, collected in Maribatanas in March, May and in Rio Vaupé in July (sic!). PELZELN (l.c.: 145) published a Latin description of ♂ and ♀ plumage characteristics. Natterer's notes read: [4 ♂♂, 1 ♀ from Maribatanas 1831, 1 ♂ from Rio Vaupé 13 June 1831 [were collected. They are] like no. 704 [= *Thamnophilus amazonicus* SCLATER 1858] but the ♀ differs, having white striped tail coverts]. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 201) considered 5 ♂♂ and 1 ♀ collected by Natterer in Brazil (Maribatanas, Rio Vaupé) as "Originale" [= syntypes]. Natterer mentioned in his notes 4 ♂♂ and 1 ♀ from Maribatanas and 1 ♀ from Rio Vaupé; a handwritten remark from Pelzeln therein reads "1 ♂ in London" [on loan?]. It was not found in WARREN & HARRISON (1971). The sixth syntype (the ♂ from Rio Vaupé (= Uaupés)) could not be traced.

### *Cercomacra brasiliiana* HELLMAYR, 1905

*Cercomacra brasiliiana* HELLMAYR, 1905: Nov. Zool. 12, no. 2, p. 289 (S. E. Brazil, Para)

= *Cercomacra brasiliiana* HELLMAYR, 1905

**Holotype.** NHMW 59.854 (B), male, dates not provided, Rio Make, [probably Raiz da Serra, Rio de Janeiro, Southern Brazil], bought from Hellmayr's private collection in February 1905, Acquisition No. 1909.V.3.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (1905: 289) compared six specimens from Brazil and designated the specimen in his own collection (see above) as type of "*C. brasiliiana* nomen novum". TELLO et al. (2014: 555) wrote: "that the type series of *Cercomacra brasiliiana* is the series used by SCLATER (1890: 264) to designate *C. caerulescens*, and

not the specimens HELLMAYR (1905) pointed out later”. SCLATER (1890: 264) based his description on five specimens from southeast Brazil and Para. Molecular evidence (TELLO et al. 2014) placed *Cercomacra brasiliiana* into the “*nigricans* clade”. RAPOSO et al. (2015: 95) mentioned the NHMW as repository of the supposed type: “After his death part of Hellmayr’s collection went to Munich but the holotype of *C. brasiliiana* is not there and has been traced to Vienna (Marcus Unsöld pers. comm.). As a strategy to avoid future misunderstanding of such a complex case under the rules of ICZN. Art 70.3.2, the type species of the genus *Cercomacra* is here fixed as *Cercomacra brasiliiana* HELLMAYR, 1905, misidentified in the original designation by SCLATER (1890) as *Myrmothera caerulescens*, a name now considered to be a potential senior synonym of *Willisornis poecilinotus* (CABANIS, 1847)”.

### ***Cercomacra carbonaria* SCLATER, PL & SALVIN, 1873**

*Cercomacra carbonaria* SCLATER, PL & SALVIN, 1873: Nomenclator Avium, 73, 161

= *Cercomacra carbonaria*. SCLATER, PL & SALVIN, 1873

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.368 (St), ♂, 22.12.1831, Forte do Rio Branco, [(= Fortaleza de São Joaquim do Rio Branco), Roraima, Brazil, 03°06' N, 60°27' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1009, shipment, and arrival dates uncertain, NHMW 15.369 (St), ♀, 22.12.1831, Forte do Rio Branco, [(= Fortaleza de São Joaquim do Rio Branco), Roraima, Brazil, 03°06' N, 60°27' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1009, shipment, and arrival dates uncertain. [NHMW 85.575 (B), ♂, no data, identified as *Cercomacra nigricans*, “Bogota”, Columbia, ex collection Seilern has doubtful status].

**Notes.** SCLATER & SALVIN (l.c.) based their description on an unknown number of specimens. They used Natterer’s manuscript name “*Formicivora carbonaria*”, listed his collection number, and 22 specimens collected by Natterer at the riverbank of Rio Branco in November and December [1831]. HELLMAYR (1911): “so far it has been met with only by Natterer [sic], who obtained a large series at Forte do Joaquim, on the confines of British Guiana”.

PELZELN (1868: 85): “*Cercomacra nigricans* SCLATER N. [Natterer] 1009. *Formicivora carbonaria* Natterer. Catal. Msc. Forte do Rio branco am waldigen Flussufer, November, Dezember, 22 Ex.” In footnote 2 follows the German description of the male and female: “Unsere Männchen zeigen weisses campterium; das Weibchen ist oberhalb graubraun, Basis der Rückenfedern, Ränder der Flügeldecken, Spitzen der Schwanzfedern, Kehle und Bauchmitte weiss, Brust und ein grosser Theil des Bauches ockerfarb [sic], Seiten, Unterbauch und crissum olivengrau.” The species was not listed by PELZEN & LORENZ (1887). HELLMAYR (in CORY & HELLMAYR 1924: 223) had examined Pelzeln’s specimens in the NHMW. He synonymised “*Cercomacra nigricans* SCLATER N.1009” with *F. carbonaria* Natterer Catal. msc. and made Natterer’s manuscript name available by indication.

SCLATER (1890: 284): “Types in the Sclater Collection”; WARREN & HARRISON (1971: 92) listed two specimens as syntypes: ♂ 1889.9.20.431, Rio Branco, Brazil, 22. Dec. 1831; and “a ♀ syntype in the collection”. One type specimen with original NHMW label was traced by Marcus Unsöld in the ZSM. The repositories of the remaining specimens are not known to us, the syntype series is incomplete.

### ***Cercomacra approximans* PELZELN, 1868**

*Cercomacra approximans* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 85, 158. (Engenho do Gama, Matogrosso)

= *Cercomacroides nigrescens approximans* (PELZELN, 1868)



**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.359 (dem. St.), ♂, 16.08.1826, Engenho do Capitão Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.360 (dem. St.), ♂, December 1826, Cidade de Matogrosso [(= Vila Bela), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15° S, 59°56' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.361 (B), ♂, 03.09.1826, Engenho do Capitão Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.362 (B), ♂, 25.12.1826, Cidade de Matogrosso [(= Vila Bela), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15° S, 59°56' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.363 (B), ♂, December 1826, Cidade de Matogrosso [(= Vila Bela), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°56' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.364 (B), ♂, 08.08.1826, Engenho do Capitão Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.365 (B), ♀, December 1826, Cidade de Matogrosso [(= Vila Bela), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15° S, 59°56' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.366 (B), ♀, 11.07.1826, Engenho do Capitão Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.367 (B), ♀, 03.09.1826, Engenho do Capitão Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 721, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 85) based his new species on 12 specimens, which constitute the type series. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) listed 10 specimens: 6 ♂♂ and 4 ♀♀ from Engenho do Gama, Matogrosso and considered these as “Originale”. Nine syntypes are found in the NHMW collection today. One ♂ specimen from the Sclater collection (now BMNH London), sampled by J. Natterer in “Matto Grosso, Brazil, 23. Oct. 1826” is BMNH Reg. no. 1889.9.20.421, another syntype specimen is ♀ BMNH Reg. no. 1889.9.20.422. (WARREN & HARRISON (1971: 32). Both are listed as “authentic specimens” in SCLATER (1890: 266). The whereabouts of one syntype are unknown.

### *Myrmeciza hemimelaena pallens* BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR, 1905

*Myrmeciza hemimelaena pallens* BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR, 1905: J. Ornithol. 53, 1, p. 32 (Matogrosso) = *Sciaphylax hemimelaena pallens* (BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR, 1905)

**Holotype.** NHMW 15.310 (B), ♂, 08.10.1826, Vila Bela da Santíssima Trindade, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°00' S, 59°56' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 734, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830.

**Notes.** In an earlier publication, HELLMAYR (1903: 213) considered *Formicivora ruficauda* Natterer (in PELZELN, 1868) as a junior subjective synonym of *Myrmeciza hemimelaena* SCLATER, 1857, although he recognized a slight difference between subadult male birds from Brazil and those from SE Peru. Subsequently, BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR (1905: 32) classified *M. hemimelaena* in two subspecies (*M. h. hemimelaena* and *M. h. pallens*). For their new taxon, *Myrmeciza hemimelaena pallens*, BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR (l.c.) compared two males and one female from Brazil with an unknown number of specimens from SE Peru. They designated “Typus in Museo Vindob. asservatur: no. 15310, male ad. Matogrosso, 3. Oct. 1826, Natterer coll.”

### *Formicivora ruficauda* PELZELN, 1868

*Formicivora ruficauda* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 83, 155 (Engenho do Gama, Matogrosso, Brasilien)  
= *Sciaphylax hemimelaena pallens* BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR, 1905

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.309 (dem. St.), ♂, 06.08.1826, Engenho do Capitaio Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°00' S, 59°56' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 734, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.310 (B), ♂, 08.10.1826, Vila Bela da Santissima Trindade, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 734, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 83) made Natterer's manuscript name available and based the new taxon on two male specimens, which must be considered as syntypes [ICZN (1999) Art. 73.2.]: "Engenho do Gama August, Mato Grosso October, 2 Ex." The Latin description (PELZELN 1868: 155) provided male plumage characteristics corresponding with NHMW 15.309, collected "6 Aug 826 Engenho do Cap. Gama". Both specimens, NHMW 15.309 and NHMW 15.310, collectively represent the name-bearing type for *Myrmeciza hemimelaena pallens* BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR, 1905 [ICZN (1999) Art. 72.7.; see above]. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) listed 2 ♂♂ collected by Natterer with dates as given above, but did not mention their type status.

### *Hypocnemis flavescens*, SCLATER, PL 1865

*Hypocnemis flavescens*, SCLATER, PL 1865: Proc. Zool. Soc. London, pt. 3, p. 609 (Marabitanas)  
= *Hypocnemis flavescens flavescens* SCLATER, PL, 1865

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.498 (dem. St.), ♂, 05.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.500 (B), ♂, 02.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.501 (B), ♂, 18.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835,

NHMW 15.502 (B), ♂, 23.06.1831, Rio Icana, [= Rio Içana, Amazonas, Brazil, 0°45' N, 67°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.503 (B), ♀, 05.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.504 (B), ♀, 02.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.505 (B), ♀, 25.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer coll. no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.506 (dem. St.), ♀, 22.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 0°57' N, 66°55' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. no. 857, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** SCLATER (1865: 609) based his new species on an unknown number of specimens and Natterer's manuscript name "*Formicivora flavescens*". SCLATER (l.c.): "This Ant-thrush, which is of the same form as, and nearly allied to, *H. cantator* (Pl. Enl. 700), was obtained by Natterer at Marabitanas, on the Rio Negro. The sexes are coloured alike". The last line of his description implies that he had seen more than one specimen. Already PELZELN (1868: 88) considered Sclater as author for the species. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) provided 10 specimens (5 ♂♂ and 5 ♀♀) from Marabitanas as "typische Exemplare" [= syntypes]. The Catalogue of Birds (SCLATER 1880: 286) mentioned 1 ♂ from Oyapoc, Cayenne without type status and 1 ♀ from Marabitanas, Rio Negro, Brazil (Natterer) as "Type of the species". WARREN & HARRISON (1971: 178) listed: "holotype: Adult (♀, vide SCLATER, Cat. Bds. Brit. Mus., 15 (1880: 286)). BMNH Reg. no. 1889.9.20.505. Marabitanas, Rio Negro, Brazil, May 1831. Collected by J. Natterer, Sclater Collection; obtained by Sclater in exchange with the Vienna Museum. Sclater used Natterer's manuscript name". As Sclater obviously relied on a series of Natterer's specimens they are treated here as syntypes.

Another type specimen is found in Washington, USNM 207909, adult ♂, collected by Johann Natterer, Marabitanas, on the Rio Negro, State of Amazonas, Brazil, March 16, 1831, coll. no. 857. (DEIGNAN 1961: 254) wrote about this specimen: “Received from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, which, probably through Albert K. Fisher, acquired it from the Naturhistorisches Museum, Vienna (where it was No. 15499). *Hypocnemis flavescens* is one of several birds described by Sclater, after a visit to Vienna, from which he brought back to London for his own collection examples of each of new forms. In no case is a definite specimen mentioned as the type, but in each description, excepting only that of *H. flavescens* (probably by oversight), he [Sclater] states that examples are in the Vienna and Sclater Collections.... It is reasonable to believe that diagnoses were in fact based upon the entire Natterer series from the localities named, in which case the Sclater specimen now in the British Museum and the Marabitanas birds left behind in Vienna would be equivalent cotypes of *H. flavescens*. Our [type specimen] No. 207909 came to Washington from Vienna long after the date of Sclater’s description and is therefore here considered one of the types.”

The type series may be incomplete, as PELZELN (1868: 88) listed 11 specimens, but wrote in a footnote that “one specimen was collected by Bartlett at the Ucayale”. SCLATER & SALVIN (1866: 567) mentioned “a single skin, agreeing with Sclater’s type specimen, collected by Natterer in Marabitanas 1831”, that agrees with the specimen in WARREN & HARRISON (l.c.).

### ***Pithys griseiventris* PELZELN, 1868**

*Pithys griseiventris* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 89, 167 (Villa Maria, Engenho do Gama, Borba)

= *Willisornis poecilinotus griseiventris* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.596 (B), ♀, 02.01.1830, Borba, lower Rio Madeira, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 703, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 15.597 (B), ♀, 03.03.1830, Borba, lower Rio Madeira, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 703, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived May 1831, NHMW 15.598 (dem. St.), ♀, 02.09.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 703, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.599 (dem. St.), ♀, July 1826, Engenho do Gama, [Matogrosso, Brazil, 15°07' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 703, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 90) based his new species on four specimens, relying on ♀ plumage patterns only. Their data coincide with the NHMW specimens given above. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 205) affirmed the status of the taxon as “Original exemplare” [= syntypes] and listed 4 ♀♀ collected by Natterer. HELLMAYR (in CORY & HELLMAYR 1924: 314) designated Pelzen’s ♀ specimen no. 15.597 as “type”, but all four specimens constitute the syntype series. HELLMAYR (in CORY & HELLMAYR 1924: l.c.) added the missing description of the ♂ plumage.

### ***Formicivora ochropyga* HELLMAYR, 1906**

*Formicivora ochropyga* HELLMAYR, 1906: Abh. Math. – Physik. Kl. Königl. Bayer. Akad. Wiss., 22, p. 663 (Ypanema, Sao Paulo)

= *Drymophila ochropyga* (HELLMAYR, 1906)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.290 (dem. St.), male, 02.09.1821, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 515 (12), 6<sup>th</sup> or 7<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived March 1822 or March 1823, NHMW 15.292 (dem. St.), female, 29.07.1822, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil,

23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 515 (12), 6<sup>th</sup> or 7<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived March 1822 or March 1823. NHMW 15.293 (dem. St.), juv. male, no dates, Acquisition. no. 1841. IV.4, Ostbrasilien, Bahia, [Bahia, Brazil, 12°33' S, 41°32' W], bought from Brandt, Hamburg, labelled "*Formicivora genei* DE FILIPPI".

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (1906: 663) considered *Thamnophilus striatus* SCLATER (1890: 252) (based obviously on five specimens from SE Brazil and one from Bahia) a misidentification and proposed: "*Formicivora ochropyga* nom nov. Als Typus lege ich Mus. Vindob. no. 15290 ♂ ad. Ypanema, S. Paulo – coll. Natterer – zu Grunde". PELZELN (1868: 83) had originally identified *Formicivora ochropyga* Natterer Catal. Msc. as *Formicivora Genei* FILIPPI, 1847 (Footnote 1: "Ob Spix's *Thamnophilus striatus* t. 40 f.2. hierhergehört, erscheint mir noch zweifelhaft". [If Spix's *Thamnophilus striatus* t. 40 f.2. belongs here is yet doubtful]. Subsequently PELZELN (1874: 291) wrote: "Prof. Salvadori theilte mir bei seiner Anwesenheit in Wien mit, dass er den Typus der *F. Genei* wohl kenne und dass dieser mit *F. erythrocerca* SCLATER (Proc. Z. S. 1858 p. 240 t. 42) identisch sei. Für die bisher (Zur Ornithologie Bras. 83 Natt. No. 115) *F. Genei* genannte Art wäre sodann der Name *F. ochropyga* Natterer anzuwenden" [Prof Salvadori informed me that he knew the type of *F. Genei* and that it coincides with *F. erythrocerca* SCLATER (1848, p. 240, t. 42). Therefore, the species with Natterer's number 115, named *F. Genei* in PELZELN (1868: 83) should be named *F. ochropyga* Natterer]. HELLMAYR (1906: 663) used Natterer's manuscript name for his new replacement name [ICZN (1999) Art. 12.2.3.] and made it available by indication [ICZN (1999) art. 12.2.]: "Sclater 1890 uses *Thamnophilus striatus* SPIX (1825: 29, tab. XL, fig. 2) as synonym of *Hypocnemis cantator* BODDAERT (1783: 44) which are not identical as I was able to proof. Therefore, I propose as new name *Formicivora ochropyga* nomen novum for *Formicivora striata* (nec *Thamnophilus striatus* SPIX) SCLATER, (Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. XV (1890), p. 252."

### *Myothera malura* TEMMINCK, 1825

*Myothera malura* TEMMINCK, 1825: Pl. Col. Livr. 59, t. 353, fig. 1,2, p. [271–272] (Ypanema, Brésil) = *Drymophila malura*, (TEMMINCK, 1825)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.294 (B), ♂, 06.1819, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 376, 3<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived January 1820, NHMW 15.295 (B), ♂, juv., 18.07.1819, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 376, 3<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived January 1820, NHMW 15.297 (dem. St.), ♀, 18.07.1819, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 376, 3<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived January 1820, NHMW 15.298 (dem. St.), 19.04.1819, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 376, 3<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived January 1820, NHMW 15.299 (B), ♂, juv., 08.1821, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 376, 6<sup>th</sup> or 7<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived March 1822 or March 1823.

**Notes.** Temminck's plate depicted ♂ and ♀ (TEMMINCK 1825: 271–272, pl. 353, fig. 1,2). The description mentioned both Johann Natterer and Auguste de Saint-Hilaire as collectors of his new species. Temminck provided Ipanema as type locality and that "des individus font partie des Musées des Pays-Bas, de Vienne et de Paris" [specimens are found in the museums of [Leiden] Netherland, Vienna, and Paris]. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 203) listed five "authentische Exemplare" collected by Natterer in Brazil as shown above, but only four are potential syntypes, that constitute part of the syntype series. DEKKER (2003: 10): provided 2 ♂♂ (RMNH 88797,

RMNH 88798) collected by J. Natterer from Ipanema, as syntypes. Specimens from Auguste de Saint-Hilaire are expected to be found in Paris.

### *Phlegopsis paraensis* HELLMAYR, 1904

*Phlegopsis paraensis* HELLMAYR, 1904: Orn. Monatsber. 12, p. 53 (Belem, Pará)

= *Phlegopsis nigromaculata paraensis* HELLMAYR, 1904

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.803 (B), ♀, 1835, Belem [(= Pará), Pará, Brazil, 01°27' S, 48°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer, no. 836, shipment, and arrival dates not known, NHMW 16.432 (B), ♂, 11.09.1834, Belem [(= Pará), Pará, Brazil, 01°27' S, 48°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 836, shipment, and arrival dates not known, NHMW 16.433 (B), ♂, 01.1835, Belem [(= Pará), Pará, Brazil, 01°27' S, 48°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 836, shipment, and arrival dates not known.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (l.c.) based his description on three specimens: he designated 1 ♀ NHMW 15.803 as “typus”, but also listed specimens NHMW 16.432 and NHMW 16.433. These three specimens constitute the type series.

### *Pithys bicolor aequatorialis* HELLMAYR, 1902

*Pithys bicolor aequatorialis* HELLMAYR, 1902: Orn. Monatsber. 10, p. 33 (Lita, N. Ecuador)

= *Gymnopithys bicolor aequatorialis* (HELLMAYR, 1902)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 16.871 (B), ♂, 17.07.1900, San Javier, [Pichincha, Ecuador, 09° N, 78°29' W], leg. G. Flemming, via William F.H. Rosenberg, acquired 1902, Acquisition no. 1902.IV.1, NHMW 16.872 (B), juv. ♀, 26.04.1899, Tumbes, [(= Paramba), Imbabura, Ecuador, 49' N, 78°21' W], leg. R. Miketta, acquired 1902, Acquisition no. 1902.IV.1, NHMW 16.873 (B), ♂, 04.10.1899, Lita, [North Ecuador, 52°39' N, 78°28' W], leg. G. Flemming, via William F. H. Rosenberg, acquired 1902, Acquisition no. 1902.IV.1, NHMW 16.884 (B), ♂, 19.10.1899, Lita, [North Ecuador, [52°39' N, 78°28' W], leg. G. Flemming, via William F. H. Rosenberg, acquired 1902, Acquisition no. 1902.IV.1, NHMW 16.885 (B), ♂, 31.05.1900, San Javier, [Pichincha, Ecuador, 09° N, 78°29' W], leg. G. Flemming, via F. H. Rosenberg, acquired 1902, Acquisition no. 1902.IV.1.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (1902: 33) based his description of the new subspecies on 15 specimens from North-Ecuador. Only specimen NHMW 16.873 was provided as “Typus”, but all 15 specimens constitute the type series: “untersucht wurden 15 Exemplare aus Nord-Ecuador (Rio Verde, Ventanas, S. Javier, Lita and Paramba), die alle obige Charaktere zur Schau tragen”.

Five type specimens are found in the NHMW collection, four type specimens in Munich ZSM 09.5311 – ZSM 09.5314 (Unsöld, pers. com. 2022), six type specimens could not be traced. The subspecies was not mentioned by HARTERT (1920, 1922), DEIGNAN (1961), WARREN & HARRISON (1971) and LECROY & SLOSS (2000).

### *Pithys cristata* PELZELN, 1868

*Pithys cristata* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 89, 166 (Rio Vaupe, Sao Jeronimo an der Cochoeira Panorè)

= *Rhegmatorhina cristata* (PELZELN, 1869)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.600 (B), ♂, 12.07.1831, Rio Vaupe, [(= Rio Uaupés), Amazonas, Brazil, 0°7' N, 67°57' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 992, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.601 (B), ♀, 13.07.1831, Rio Vaupe, [(= Rio Uaupés), Amazonas, Brazil, 0°7' N, 67°57' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 992, 11<sup>th</sup>, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 89) based the description of his new species on two specimens from “Rio Vaupe, São Jeronimo an der Cachoeira Panorè, July”. Pelzeln’s description (l.c.) provided Natterer’s unpublished manuscript and his proposed



species name “*Myioturdus cristatus*”. Natterer mentioned that both specimens were following ants. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) confirmed the status of the two specimens as syntypes (“Originale”), as did BERLEPSCH & HELLMAYR (1905: 33).

### *Hypocnemis maculicauda* PELZELN, 1868

*Hypocnemis maculicauda* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 89, 164 (Villa Maria, Engenho do Gama)

= *Hypocnemoides maculicauda* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.556 (B), ♂, 09.09.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.557 (B), ♂, 28.07.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.558 (dem. St.), ♂, 22.08.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.559 (B), ♂, 27.07.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.560 (B), ♂, 28.07.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.561 (B), ♂, 18.08.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.562 (B), ♂, 27.07.1825, Villa Maria [(= Cáceres), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 16°04' S, 57°41' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.563 (B), ♀, 23.10.1826, Cidade de Mattogrosso [(=? Vila Bela da Santissima Trindade), Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°04' S, 59°56' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830, NHMW 15.564 (dem. St.), ♀, 23.10.1826, Engenho do Capitão Gama, [Mato Grosso, Brazil, 15°17' S, 59°15' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 675, 9<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived November 1830.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 89) based his description on 11 specimens. He mentioned (PELZELN l.c.: 164) Villa Maria and Engenho do Gama as type locality and provided Natterer's German notes and detailed description. Ten specimens are listed in PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) as “types”, nine are found in the NHMW collection today. One specimen, an adult ♂, collected by Natterer in Mato Grosso, Brazil, is listed as “authentic specimen” [= Syntype] by SCLATER (1890: 291), but not mentioned in WARREN & HARRISON (1971). The type series provided here is incomplete.

### *Myrmecisa squamosa* PELZELN, 1868

*Myrmecisa squamosa* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 87, 162 (Mato Dentro, Ypanema)

= *Myrmoderus squamosus* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.458 (dem. St.), ♂, December 1818, Mato Dentro, [São Paulo, Brazil, 2°59' S, 46°38' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1166 (211 b), 2<sup>nd</sup> shipment, arrived November 1819, NHMW 15.459 (B), ♂, August 1821, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1166 (211 b), 6<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived March 1822, NHMW 15.460 (B), ♂, 03.03.1819, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1166 (211 b), 2<sup>nd</sup> shipment, arrived November 1819, NHMW 15.461 (dem. St.), juvenile ♂, June 1821, Ypanema, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1166 (211 b), 6<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived March 1822.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 87) listed five specimens for his species description. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) mentioned only 4 ♂♂ as “Originale” [= syntypes]. One syntype specimen is listed in SALVIN (1882: 351) no. 1726, as part of the Strickland collection.

***Sclateria schistacea humaythae* HELLMAYR, 1907**

*Sclateria schistacea humaythae* HELLMAYR, 1907: Bull. BOC. 19, p. 51, (Humaytha)  
= *Myrmelastes humaythae* (HELLMAYR, 1907)

**Paratypes.** NHMW 59.990 (B), ♀, 29.07.1906, Humaita [= Humaytha, Amazonas, Brazil, 07°31' S 63°01' W], leg. Wilhelm Hoffmanns, coll. W. Hoffmanns, no. 1014, donated by Baron Lionel Walter Rothschild, acquired 1907, Acquisition no. 1907.V.2, NHMW 59.991 (B), ♂, 12.07.1906, Humaita [= Humaytha, Amazonas, Brazil, 07°31' S, 63°01' W], leg. Wilhelm Hoffmanns, coll. W. Hoffmanns, no. 1077, donated by Baron Lionel Walter Rothschild, acquired 1907, Acquisition no. 12.1907. V.2.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (l.c.) based his description on 13 specimens, 5 adult and 2 immat. ♂♂ and 6 ♀♀, obtained in July, August, and September 1906 in Humaytha. He designated an adult ♀, coll. 09.08.1906, leg. by Wilhelm Hoffmanns, coll. W. Hoffmanns no. 1067, as “type in the Tring Museum”. HARTERT (1922: 394) listed in the Tring type catalogue only the ♀ collected 09.08.1906 as “type” and not the complete type series. LECROY & SLOSS (2000: 55) also mentioned that single ♀ (now AMNH 491436) but specified its status as holotype. The AMNH database (retrieved 30.09.2021) listed 11 specimens – 5 ♀♀ and 6 ♂♂ – from Humaytha. The “holotype” (AMNH 491436), 6 ♂♂ (AMNH nos.: 481437 – 491442) and 5 ♀♀ (AMNH nos.: 491443–491446). Together with the two paratype specimens in the NHMW collection they complete the type series.

***Hypocnemis lugubris femininus* HELLMAYR, 1910**

*Hypocnemis lugubris femininus* HELLMAYR, 1910: Rev. Franc. Orn. Tome 1, 2eme annee, nr.11, p.164–165 (Borba, Rio Madeira, Anavehana, Rio Negro)  
= *Myrmoborus lugubris feminina* (HELLMAYR, 1910)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.545 (B), adult ♂, 23.11.1829, Rio Madeira, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 826, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 05.1831, NHMW 15.546 (B), adult ♀, 23.11.1829, Rio Madeira, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 826, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 05.1831, NHMW 15.547 (B), adult ♂, date not provided, Anavehana, Rio Negro, [Anavilhanas, Rio Negro, Brazil, 02°41' S, 60°, 47' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 826, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 05.1831, NHMW 15.548 (B), juv. ♂, 03.03.1830, Borba, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 826, 10<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 05.1831, NHMW 15.549 (B), ♀, 13.07.1830, Borba, Rio Madeira, [Amazonas, Brazil, 04°23' S, 59°, 35' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 826, 11<sup>th</sup> or 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrival dates uncertain.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (l.c.) based his new species on a series of seven specimens. The ♀ NHMW 15.549 was provided as “type”, but also the other specimens listed above are cited with their NHMW collection numbers. Two additional syntypes listed by Hellmayr are one ♀ from Borba, 17.02.1830, collected by Natterer (no. 826) then in the British Museum, London. Another syntype, a juvenile ♀ from Borba, collected by Hoffmanns, 20.11.1906, coll. no. 1369, came from the Tring collection (HELLMAYR l.c.: 165). Their repositories are unknown, i. e., not found in the type catalogues of LECROY & SLOSS (2000), HARTERT (1922) and WARREN & HARRISON (1971).

***Percnostola leucostigma* PELZELN, 1868**

*Percnostola leucostigma* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Bras. Abth. 2, p. 86, 160 (Rio Negro)  
= *Myrmelastes leucostigma leucostigma* (PELZELN, 1868)

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.436 (B), ♂, date not provided, Rio Negro, [N-Brazil, 03°24' S, 65°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 921, no shipment information available, NHMW 15.437 (B), ♀, 06.06.1833, Rio Negro, [N-Brazil, 03°24' S, 65°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Nat-

terer, no. 921, 11<sup>th</sup>, or 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.438 (B), ♂, 05.10.1830, Rio Negro, [N-Brazil, 03°24' S, 65°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer, no. 921, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.439 (dem. St.), juv. ♂, 15.03.1831, Marabitanas, upper Rio Negro, [Brazil, 0°58' N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 921, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.440 (B), ♀, 15.07.1831, Rio Vaupe, [= Rio Uaupés), Amazonas, Brazil, 0°14' N, 68°29' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. Natterer no. 921, shipment and arrival dates not known.

**Notes.** PELZELN (1868: 86) based his new species on five specimens, collected at the Rio Negro in October, at Marabitanas in March, Rio Vaupe in July, and Barra do Rio Negro in June and October. He provided the new species as “*Percnostola leucostigma* NATTERER et LAFRESNAYE no. 921”. [= in the collection at Vienna and of Lafresnaye]. Footnote no. 2 reads: “a ♂ from Cayenne, of H. Becoeur [NHMW 15.441] was found in the old collection.” It is uncertain if it belongs to the type series. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) listed five specimens, 3 ♂♂ and 2 ♀♀ collected by Natterer in Brazil as “authentic specimens” [= syntypes], that constitute the type series. *Percnostola leucostigma* is the type species of *Schistocichla* gen. nov. TODD, (1927: 165), (see also ISLER et al. 2013).

### *Percnostola minor* PELZELN, 1868

*Percnostola minor* PELZELN, 1868: Orn. Brasil. Abth. 2, p. 86, 159 (S. Izabel am Rio Negro, Marabitanas, Rio Xie)

= *Percnostola rufifrons minor* PELZELN, 1868

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.423 (St), ♂, 28.01.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.424 (St), ♀, 17.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.425 (B), ♂, 21.01.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.426 (dem. St.), ♂, 11.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.427 (B), ♂, 04.03.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.428 (B), ♂, 06.05.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.429 (B), ♂, 16.12.1830, Santa Isabel do Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.430 (B), ♂, 16.12.1830, Santa Isabel do Rio Negro, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.431 (B), ♂, 01.06.1831, Rio Xie, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.432 (B), ♀, 05.05.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.433 (B), ♀, 20.01.1831, Marabitanas, [Amazonas, Brazil, 58° N, 66°51' W] leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 1173, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835.

**Notes.** PELZELN (l.c.) based his description on 15 specimens, that constitute the type series. He also relied on Natterer’s manuscript. PELZELN & LORENZ (1887: 204) listed 11 specimens collected by Natterer in Marabitanas as “Originale” that we recognized as syntypes. HELLMAYR (1908: 143) wrote: “Typus (restrictus): Mus. Vindob. Nr. 15340 [sic! error for NHMW 15.430, see above]. ♂ ad. S. Izabel, Rio Negro, 16. Dezember 1830. J. Natterer coll. Nr. 1173”. This restriction of the type locality to Santa Isabel do Rio Negro is invalid [ICZN (1999) Art. 73.2.3]. HELLMAYR (1908: 143) listed 13 specimens, seven adult and 1 subad. ♂♂ and 5 ♀♀ collected in Marabitanas, Santa Isabel and Rio Xie, “in the bird collections of NHMW, Brit. and H. von Berlepsch; 2 ♂♂ ad. S. Izabel, 1 ad. ♂ Rio Xie, in NHMW, all collected by Natterer. Also, a ♂ from Nauta, Peru, collected by Bartlett in the British

Museum". WARREN & HARRISON (1971: V) listed: "P.L. Sclater received several specimens in exchange with Vienna, and his collection was purchased by the [British] Museum between 1884 and 1890". WARREN & HARRISON (1971: 356) wrote BMNH Reg. no. 1889.7.10.606, adult ♂: "This specimen and three other syntypes in the collection were listed as "authentic specimens" by SCLATER, Cat. Bds. Brit. Mus. 15 (1890: 274)". Together with the NHMW specimens they constitute and complete the syntype series.

### ***Percnostola rufifrons subcristata* HELLMAYR, 1908**

*Percnostola rufifrons subcristata* HELLMAYR, 1908: Verh. Orn. Ges. Bayern 8, p. 142 (Barra do Rio Negro)

= *Percnostola rufifrons subcristata* HELLMAYR, 1908

**Syntypes.** NHMW 15.414 (B), ♀, ad., 29.09.1830, Barra do Rio Negro, [Manáos, Amazonas, Brazil, 03°07' S, 60°01' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 906, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.415 (B), ♂, ad., 16.09.1830, Barra do Rio Negro, [Manáos, Amazonas, Brazil, 03°07' S, 60°01' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 906, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.416 (B), ♂, juv., 12.10.1830, Barra do Rio Negro, [Manáos, Amazonas, Brazil, 03°07' S, 60°01' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 906, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, NHMW 15.417 (B), ♀, ad., 16.09.1830, Barra do Rio Negro, [Manáos, Amazonas, Brazil, 03°07' S, 60°01' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 906, 11<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived ?1835, MNW 15.418 (B), ♀, ad., 24.05.1833, Barra do Rio Negro, [Manáos, Amazonas, Brazil, 03°07' S, 60°01' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 906, 12<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived 1836.

**Notes.** HELLMAYR (l.c.) based the description of his new subspecies on six specimens: "Die sechs Exemplare von *P. r. subcristata* wurden alle bei Barra do Rio Negro (= Manáos) in den Monaten September, Oktober (1830) und Mai (1833) erbeutet!" Four specimens [2 ♀♀, one adult and a juvenile ♂ from the NHMW and two specimens from the British Museum, London. All were collected by J. Natterer [species no. 906] at Barra do Rio Negro. The ♀ specimens NHMW 15.417 and NHMW 15.418 were explicitly cited, the latter offered as "Typus", but the whole series must be considered as syntypes. Also, CORY & HELLMAYR (1924: 251, footnote) listed 3 ♂♂ and 3 ♀♀ as type material without further details. Two ♂ specimens [NHMW 15.415 and NHMW 15.416] and a ♀ specimen [NHMW 15.414] coincide with the description, the whereabouts of the last ♀ specimen are uncertain. The species was not mentioned in WARREN & HARRISON (1971).

### **Specimens of uncertain type status**

#### ***Herpsilochmus pectoralis* SCLATER, PL 1857**

*Herpsilochmus pectoralis* SCLATER, PL 1857: Proc. zool. Soc. Lond., p. 132

= *Herpsilochmus pectoralis pectoralis* SCLATER, PL 1857

**Syntypes?** NHMW 15.177 (B), ♂, no collecting dates, Acquisition no. 1844. I.137, "Bahia 1840", bought by Johann Natterer in Paris or London 1844, NHMW 15.178 (B), ♂, no collecting dates, Acquisition no. 1844. I.137, "Bahia 1840", bought by Johann Natterer in Paris or London 1844.

**Notes:** PELZELN (1868: 80) Footnote no. five: "two specimens of Sclater's *H. pectoralis* from Bahia, were bought by Natterer for the collection [in 1844]". [See also *Herpsilochmus longirostris*]. WARREN & HARRISON (1971: 432): "Sclater mentioned two specimens, one in the Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia, from the Massena Collection, and another unlocalized specimen in the British-Museum,

thought also to be from the Massena Collection. The latter syntype cannot now be traced in the collection. The Wucherer specimen from Bahia, listed as type by P.L. SCLATER, Cat. Bds. Brit. Mus., 15 (1890): 247, is not accepted as syntype”.

### *Myiothera rufimarginata* TEMMINCK, 1822

*Myiothera rufimarginata* TEMMINCK, 1822: Pl. col., livr. 22, pl. 132, fig. 1 & 2, [p. 273–274] (Brésil) = *Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus* (TEMMINCK, 1822)

**Syntype?** NHMW 15.182 (St), ♂, 08.07.1819, Ypanema, San Paulo, [São Paulo, Brazil, 23°26' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, coll. J. Natterer no. 213, 4<sup>th</sup> shipment, arrived February 1821.

**Notes.** TEMMINCK (1822: [273–274]) based his new species on an unknown number of specimens. Four syntypes are mentioned in DEKKER (2003): RMNH 88800, ad. ♂, Brazil; RMNH 888801, ad. ♀, Brazil (no further information) and two specimens RMNH 90672, skin, ad. ♂; RMNH 90673, skin, ad. ♀, both ex Cabinet Temminck. His specimens are “found in many museums”. PELZELN (1868: 80): “*Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus* (TEMMINCK) N. 213 (726). Rio de Janeiro May, Ypanema April, May, July, Engenho do Gama in high forest [canopy?] on small trees [in understore?], July, August, 5 specimens.” The species was not mentioned by PELZELN & LORENZ (1887).

### *Myiothera ferruginea* TEMMINCK, 1822

*Myiothera ferruginea* TEMMINCK, 1822: Nouv. Rec. de Planch. Color. D' Oiseaux, vol.2, liv.22, pl. 132, fig. 3, p. [274–275]

= *Drymophila ferruginea* (TEMMINCK, 1822)

**Syntypes?** NHMW: 15.278 (B) ♀ juv., June 1821, Ypanema, [São João de Ipanema, São Paulo, Brazil, 23°25' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 423, 6<sup>th</sup>, or 7<sup>th</sup> shipment arrived March 1822 or March 1823, NHMW: 15.279 (B) ♀, March 1819, Ypanema, [São João de Ipanema, São Paulo, Brazil, 23°25' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 423, 2<sup>nd</sup> shipment, arrived January 1821, NHMW: 15.280 (B) ♀, juv., March 1819, Ypanema, [São João de Ipanema, São Paulo, Brazil, 23°25' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 423, 2<sup>nd</sup> shipment, arrived January 1821, NHMW: 15.282 (St. D), ♂, 13.11.1818, Capitaio Mor, [São Paulo, Brazil, 22°35' S, 44°42' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 423, 3<sup>rd</sup> shipment, arrived January 1821, NHMW: 15.283 (B) ♀, June 1821, Ypanema, [São João de Ipanema, São Paulo, Brazil, 23°25' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 423, 6<sup>th</sup>, or 7<sup>th</sup> shipment arrived March 1822 or March 1823, NHMW: 15.284 (B), ♂, 04.12.1818, Mato Dentro, [São Paulo, Brazil, NHMW: 15.285 (B) ♀, July 1821, Ypanema, [São João de Ipanema, São Paulo, Brazil, 23°25' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 423, 6<sup>th</sup>, or 7<sup>th</sup> shipment arrived March 1822 or March 1823, NHMW: 15.286 (B) ♀, 1821, Ypanema, [São João de Ipanema, São Paulo, Brazil, 23°25' S, 47°36' W], leg. Johann Natterer, no. 423, 6<sup>th</sup>, or 7<sup>th</sup> shipment arrived March 1822 or March 1823.

**Notes.** TEMMINCK (1822: 274) based his new species on an unknown number of specimens. The description ends: “Le Brésil est la patrie de cette espèce; les voyageurs qui ont parcouru ce pays ne nous apprennent rien des moeurs et des habitudes de notre Fourmillier. On le trouve dans plusieurs collections d' histoire naturelle”. One ♀ of: “1715. *Formicivora ferruginea* – *Myiothera ferruginea* LICHTENSTEIN, Verz. Doubl. P. 44” from Brazil is housed in the Strickland collection (SALVIN 1882: 349). Three ♂ syntypes are found in Leiden (DEKKER 2003: 10), RMNH 88794–88796), Brazil; no other details provided.



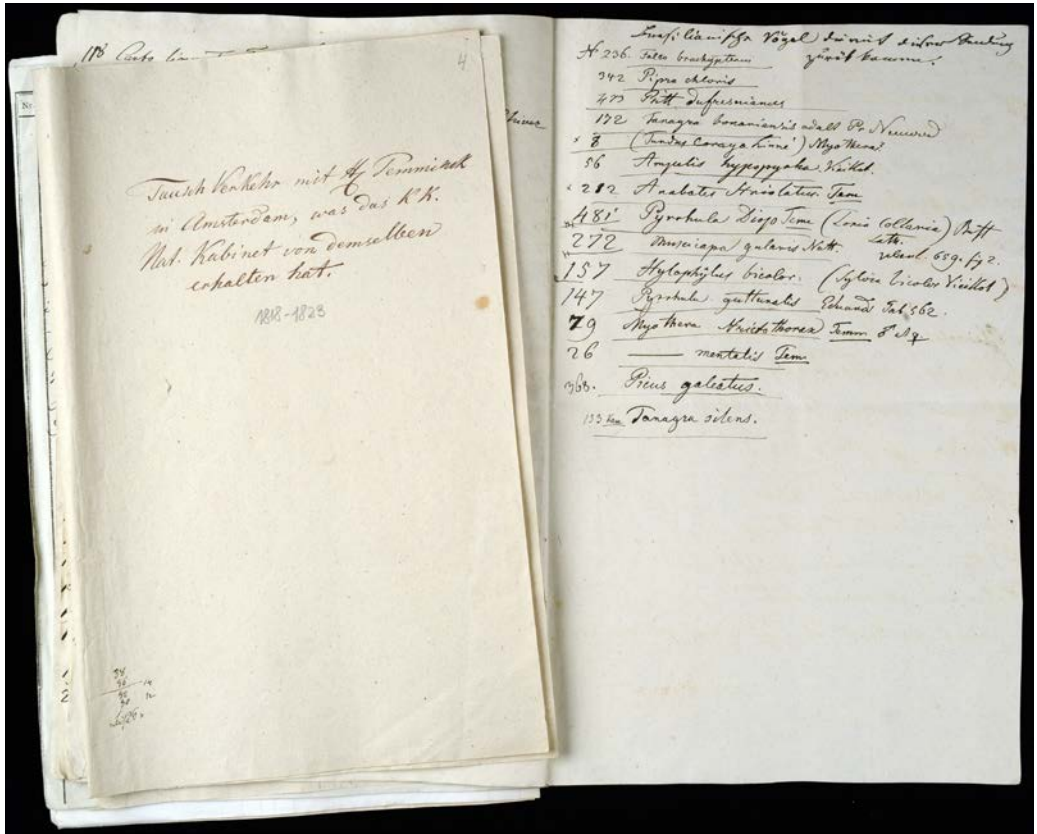


Fig. 1, left: Documentation of loan between the NHMW and Temminck (Museum Amsterdam) from 1818 to 1823, right: Loaned specimens returned from Amsterdam to the NHMW: ♂ and ♀ of *Myiothra strictothorax* TEMMINCK, 1823 (Natterer's coll. no. 79) and ♂ of *M. mentalis* TEMMINCK, 1823 (Natterer's coll. no. 26). Photo credit: Alice Schumacher, NHMW.



Fig. 2: Plate 179 of TEMMINCK & LAUGIER, 1823; (1) ♀, (2) ♂ of *Myiothera strictothorax* TEMMINCK 1823; (3) ♂ of *Myiothera mentalis* TEMMINCK, 1823. Photo credit: Alice Schumacher, NHMW.



Fig. 3: Field diary and notes of Johann Natterer (with additions of other persons) concerning *Thamnophilus aethiops punctuliger* PELZELN, 1868 and *Cercomacra carbonaria* SCLATER & SALVIN, 1873 (on top). Photo credit: Alice Schumacher, NHMW.



Fig. 4: *Thamnophilus unduliger* PELZELN, 1868 (= *Friederikena unduliger unduliger* (PELZELN, 1868)), ♂ NHMW 16.508 and ♀ NHMW 16.511 with original labels of Johann Natterer and NHMW labels (in pink). Photo credit: Alice Schumacher, NHMW.



Fig. 5: Syntype of *Pithys bicolor aequatorialis* HELLMAYR, 1902 (= *Gymnophis bicolor aequatorialis* (HELLMAYR, 1902)). Photo credit: Alice Schumacher, NHMW.



Fig. 6: *Thamnophilus cinereiceps* PELZELN, 1868 (= *Thamnophilus amazonicus cinereiceps* PELZELN, 1868), Syntype ♂ NHMW 16.672 with original labels of Johann Natterer and NHMW label (in pink). Photo credit: Alice Schumacher, NHMW.



Fig. 7: *Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus* (TEMMINCK, 1822); ♂ NHMW 15.182, an uncertain type specimen in the NHMW collection. Photo credit: Alice Schumacher, NHMW.



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